

Rovnice s neznámou ve jmenovateli

Zadání

$$1) \quad \frac{2}{x} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{3}{2x}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{2}{x} - 2 = \frac{3}{2x} + \frac{4}{3x}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{5x+4}{x} = \frac{4}{x}$$

$$4) \quad \frac{5x-2}{3x-4} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$5) \quad \frac{9-2x}{x-5} = \frac{4-x}{x-5}$$

$$6) \quad 2 - \frac{2x-3}{6-8x} = 0$$

$$7) \quad \frac{-15-19x}{5x+3} = \frac{-19}{5}$$

$$8) \quad 3 - \frac{3x-2}{9x+3} = \frac{x-1}{6x+2}$$

$$9) \quad 5 + \frac{3}{3x-12} = \frac{5-x}{x-4}$$

$$10) \quad \frac{x-1}{4x+6} - 2 = \frac{2x-1}{8x+12}$$

$$11) \quad \frac{x-17}{2x+10} - \frac{5x-8}{3x+15} = 0$$

$$12) \quad \frac{3+x^2}{4x^2+2x} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

$$13) \quad 2 - \frac{3}{x+3} = \frac{5x+12}{x+3}$$

$$14) \quad \frac{3}{x-2} = \frac{x-2}{x^2-4}$$

$$15) \quad \frac{x+4}{x-2} = \frac{5x+2}{2x-4}$$

$$16) \quad \frac{3}{4x-1} - \frac{2}{4x+1} = \frac{5-3x}{16x^2-1}$$

$$17) \quad \frac{5+x^2}{2x^2-3x} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{2x-3}$$

$$18) \quad \frac{x-3}{x+3} = \frac{5x-3}{3x+9}$$

$$19) \quad \frac{-1-x}{x-3} = \frac{5x-x^2}{x^2-6x+9}$$

$$20) \quad \frac{2x}{x-1} = 1 + \frac{2}{x-1}$$

$$21) \quad -\frac{2}{2x+5} - \frac{5-3x}{4x^2+20x+25} = 0$$

$$22) \quad \frac{3x+5}{3x-1} - \frac{4+x}{9x^2-6x+1} = 1$$

$$23) \quad \frac{-2x-4}{x^2+2x+1} - \frac{1+2x}{x+1} = -2$$

$$24) \quad \frac{2}{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{1+x} = \frac{6}{1-x}$$

Řešení

1)

$$\frac{2}{x} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{3}{2x} / \cdot 6x$$

$$12 + 8x = 9$$

$$8x = -3 / : 8$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{8}$$

$$P = \left\{ -\frac{3}{8} \right\}$$

Podmínky

$$x \neq 0$$

2)

$$\frac{2}{x} - 2 = \frac{3}{2x} + \frac{4}{3x} / \cdot 6x$$

$$12 - 12x = 9 + 8$$

$$-12x = 5 / : (-12)$$

$$x = -\frac{5}{12}$$

$$P = \left\{ -\frac{5}{12} \right\}$$

Podmínky

$$x \neq 0$$

3)

$$\frac{5x+4}{x} = \frac{4}{x} / \cdot x$$

$$5x + 4 = 4$$

$$5x = 0 / : 5$$

$$x = 0$$

Číslo 0 nevyhovuje podmínice.

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$x \neq 0$$

4)

$$\frac{5x-2}{3x-4} = \frac{4}{3} / \cdot 3(3x-4)$$

$$3(5x-2) = 4(3x-4)$$

$$15x - 6 = 12x - 16$$

$$15x - 12x = -16 + 6$$

$$3x = -10 / : 3$$

$$x = -\frac{10}{3}$$

$$P = \left\{ -\frac{10}{3} \right\}$$

Podmínky

$$3x - 4 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq \frac{4}{3}$$

5)

$$\frac{9-2x}{x-5} = \frac{4-x}{x-5} / \cdot (x-5)$$

$$9-2x = 4-x$$

$$-x = -5 / \cdot (-1)$$

$$x = 5$$

Číslo 5 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$x-5 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 5$$

6)

$$2 - \frac{2x-3}{6-8x} = 0 / \cdot (6-8x)$$

$$2(6-8x) - 1 \cdot (2x-3) = 0$$

$$12 - 16x - 2x + 3 = 0$$

$$-18x = -15 / : (-18)$$

$$x = \frac{15}{18}$$

$$x = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$P = \left\{ \frac{5}{6} \right\}$$

Podmínky

$$6-8x \neq 0$$

$$x \neq \frac{3}{4}$$

7)

$$\frac{-15-19x}{5x+3} = \frac{-19}{5} / \cdot 5(5x+3)$$

$$5(-15-19x) = -19(5x+3)$$

$$-75 - 95x = -95x - 57$$

$$0 \cdot x = 18$$

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$5x+3 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -\frac{3}{5}$$

8)

$$3 - \frac{3x-2}{9x+3} = \frac{x-1}{6x+2}$$

$$3 - \frac{3x-2}{3(3x+1)} = \frac{x-1}{2(3x+1)} / \cdot 6(3x+1)$$

$$18(3x+1) - 2(3x-2) = 3(x-1)$$

$$54x + 18 - 6x + 4 = 3x - 3$$

$$48x - 3x = -3 - 22$$

$$45x = -25 / : 45$$

$$x = -\frac{25}{45}$$

$$x = -\frac{5}{9}$$

$$P = \left\{ -\frac{5}{9} \right\}$$

Podmínky

$$3x+1 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -\frac{1}{3}$$

9)

$$5 + \frac{3}{3x-12} = \frac{5-x}{x-4}$$

Podmínky

$$x - 4 \neq 0$$

$$5 + \frac{3}{3(x-4)} = \frac{5-x}{x-4} \quad / \cdot 3(x-4)$$

$$x \neq 4$$

$$15(x-4) + 3 = 3(5-x)$$

$$15x - 60 + 3 = 15 - 3x$$

$$18x = 72 \quad / :18$$

$$x = 4$$

Číslo 4 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

10)

$$\frac{x-1}{4x+6} - 2 = \frac{2x-1}{8x+12}$$

Podmínky

$$2x + 3 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x-1}{2(2x+3)} - 2 = \frac{2x-1}{4(2x+3)} \quad / \cdot 4(2x+3)$$

$$x \neq -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$2(x-1) - 8(2x+3) = 2x-1$$

$$2x - 2 - 16x - 24 = 2x - 1$$

$$-14x - 2x = -1 + 2 + 24$$

$$-16x = 25 \quad / :(-16)$$

$$x = -\frac{25}{16}$$

$$P = \left\{ -\frac{25}{16} \right\}$$

11)

$$\frac{x-17}{2x+10} - \frac{5x-8}{3x+15} = 0$$

Podmínky

$$x + 5 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x-17}{2(x+5)} - \frac{5x-8}{3(x+5)} = 0 \quad / \cdot 6(x+5)$$

$$x \neq -5$$

$$3(x-17) - 2(5x-8) = 0$$

$$3x - 51 - 10x + 16 = 0$$

$$-7x = 35 \quad / :(-7)$$

$$x = -5$$

Číslo -5 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

12)

$$\frac{3+x^2}{4x^2+2x} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{2x+1}$$

$$\frac{3+x^2}{2x(2x+1)} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{2x+1} \quad / \cdot 4x(2x+1)$$

$$2(3+x^2) - x(2x+1) = 12x$$

$$6+2x^2 - 2x^2 - x = 12x$$

$$-13x = -6 \quad / :(-13)$$

$$x = \frac{6}{13}$$

$$P = \left\{ \frac{6}{13} \right\}$$

Podmínky

$$2x \neq 0 \text{ a zároveň } 2x+1 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 0 \text{ a zároveň } x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$

13)

$$2 - \frac{3}{x+3} = \frac{5x+12}{x+3} \quad / \cdot (x+3)$$

$$2(x+3) - 3 = 5x+12$$

$$2x+6-3 = 5x+12$$

$$-3x = 9 \quad / :(-3)$$

$$x = -3$$

Číslo -3 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$x+3 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -3$$

14)

$$\frac{3}{x-2} = \frac{x-2}{x^2-4}$$

$$\frac{3}{x-2} = \frac{x-2}{(x+2)(x-2)} \quad / \cdot (x+2)(x-2)$$

$$3(x+2) = x-2$$

$$3x+6 = x-2$$

$$2x = -8 \quad / :2$$

$$x = -4$$

$$P = \{-4\}$$

Podmínky

$$x+2 \neq 0 \text{ a zároveň } x-2 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -2 \text{ a zároveň } x \neq 2$$

15)

$$\frac{x+4}{x-2} = \frac{5x+2}{2x-4}$$

$$\frac{x+4}{x-2} = \frac{5x+2}{2(x-2)} \quad / \cdot 2(x-2)$$

$$2(x+4) = 5x+2$$

$$2x+8 = 5x+2$$

$$-3x = -6 \quad / : (-3)$$

$$x = 2$$

Číslo 2 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$x - 2 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 2$$

16)

$$\frac{3}{4x-1} - \frac{2}{4x+1} = \frac{5-3x}{16x^2-1}$$

$$\frac{3}{4x-1} - \frac{2}{4x+1} = \frac{5-3x}{(4x+1)(4x-1)} \quad / \cdot (4x+1)(4x-1)$$

$$3(4x+1) - 2(4x-1) = 5-3x$$

$$12x+3-8x+2 = 5-3x$$

$$12x-8x+3x = 5-3-2$$

$$7x = 0 \quad / : 7$$

$$x = 0$$

$$P = \{0\}$$

Podmínky

$$4x-1 \neq 0 \text{ a zároveň } 4x+1 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq \frac{1}{4} \text{ a zároveň } x \neq -\frac{1}{4}$$

17)

$$\frac{5+x^2}{2x^2-3x} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{2x-3}$$

$$\frac{5+x^2}{x(2x-3)} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{2x-3} \quad / \cdot 2x(2x-3)$$

$$2(5+x^2) - x(2x-3) = 8x$$

$$10+2x^2-2x^2+3x = 8x$$

$$3x-8x = -10$$

$$-5x = -10 \quad / : (-5)$$

$$x = 2$$

$$P = \{2\}$$

Podmínky

$$x \neq 0 \text{ a zároveň } 2x-3 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 0 \text{ a zároveň } x \neq \frac{3}{2}$$

18)

$$\frac{x-3}{x+3} = \frac{5x-3}{3x+9}$$

$$\frac{x-3}{x+3} = \frac{5x-3}{3(x+3)} \quad / \cdot 3(x+3)$$

$$3(x-3) = 5x-3$$

$$3x-9 = 5x-3$$

$$-2x = 6 \quad / : (-2)$$

$$x = -3$$

Číslo -3 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$x+3 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -3$$

19)

$$\frac{-1-x}{x-3} = \frac{5x-x^2}{x^2-6x+9}$$

$$\frac{-1-x}{x-3} = \frac{5x-x^2}{(x-3)^2} \quad / \cdot (x-3)^2$$

$$(x-3)(-1-x) = 5x-x^2$$

$$-x-x^2+3+3x = 5x-x^2$$

$$-x+3x-5x = -3$$

$$-3x = -3 \quad / : (-3)$$

$$x = 1$$

$$P = \{1\}$$

Podmínky

$$x-3 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 3$$

20)

$$\frac{2x}{x-1} = 1 + \frac{2}{x-1} \quad / \cdot (x-1)$$

$$2x = x-1+2$$

$$x = 1$$

Číslo 1 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$x-1 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 1$$

21)

$$-\frac{2}{2x+5} - \frac{5-3x}{4x^2+20x+25} = 0$$

$$-\frac{2}{2x+5} - \frac{5-3x}{(2x+5)^2} = 0 \quad / \cdot (2x+5)^2$$

$$-2(2x+5) - 1 \cdot (5-3x) = 0$$

$$-4x-10-5+3x = 0$$

$$-x = 15 \quad / \cdot (-1)$$

$$x = -15$$

$$P = \{-15\}$$

Podmínky

$$2x+5 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -\frac{5}{2}$$

22)

$$\frac{3x+5}{3x-1} - \frac{4+x}{9x^2-6x+1} = 1$$

$$\frac{3x+5}{3x-1} - \frac{4+x}{(3x-1)^2} = 1 \quad / \cdot (3x-1)^2$$

$$(3x+5)(3x-1) - 1 \cdot (4+x) = 9x^2 - 6x + 1$$

$$9x^2 - 3x + 15x - 5 - 4 - x = 9x^2 - 6x + 1$$

$$-3x + 15x - x + 6x = 5 + 4 + 1$$

$$17x = 10 \quad / : 17$$

$$x = \frac{10}{17}$$

$$P = \left\{ \frac{10}{17} \right\}$$

Podmínky

$$3x - 1 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq \frac{1}{3}$$

23)

$$\frac{-2x-4}{x^2+2x+1} - \frac{1+2x}{x+1} = -2$$

$$\frac{-2x-4}{(x+1)^2} - \frac{1+2x}{x+1} = -2 \quad / \cdot (x+1)^2$$

$$-2x-4 - (1+2x)(x+1) = -2(x^2+2x+1)$$

$$-2x-4 - (x+1+2x^2+2x) = -2x^2-4x-2$$

$$-2x-4-x-1-2x^2-2x = -2x^2-4x-2$$

$$-2x-x-2x+4x = -2+4+1$$

$$-x = 3 \quad / \cdot (-1)$$

$$x = -3$$

$$P = \{-3\}$$

Podmínky

$$x+1 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -1$$

24)

$$\frac{2}{1-x^2} - \frac{1}{1+x} = \frac{6}{1-x}$$

$$\frac{2}{(1-x)(1+x)} - \frac{1}{1+x} = \frac{6}{1-x} \quad / \cdot (1-x)(1+x)$$

$$2 - 1 \cdot (1-x) = 6(1+x)$$

$$2 - 1 + x = 6 + 6x$$

$$-5x = 5 \quad / : (-5)$$

$$x = -1$$

Číslo -1 nevyhovuje podmínke.

$$P = \emptyset$$

Podmínky

$$1+x \neq 0 \text{ a zároveň } 1-x \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -1 \text{ a zároveň } x \neq 1$$